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THE COURIER.

For the first time since the resumption of the publication of the Courier, we are euenable us to supply any demand that may e made upon this office for papers. Heretofore the increase of our daily circulation ability to supply it, that the disappointment t many of our patrons has been a constant and unavoidable necessity. Our friends, send their orders to any extent, with the assurance that they will meet with prompt

ents, to keep the COURINE open antil a late bour, getting in all the news to the latest moment, and yet deliver it to When any failures occur to get the Courses in proper time, either in the city, or when sent by mail or express, we wish to be promptly made acquainted with

The Democrat's Amiability-Some Relics of the Past.

VOL. 20. WHOLE NO. 1,009.

the application to their traitorous uecks of divers and sundry pleces of heinp.

That august body of "grave and reverend it will be noted that the Democrate considered the dragging of quiet citizens from addered the dragging of quiet citizens from addered the dragging of quiet citizens from addered the dragging of quiet citizens from the House of Representatives, at Washington, have made a deed of gift of the swallowed up all other thoughts and constraints.

The House of Representatives, at Washington, have made a deed of gift of the swallowed up all other thoughts and constraints.

The House of Representatives, at Washington, have made a deed of gift of the swallowed up all other thoughts and constraints.

was not enough of arresting going on to stake its thirst for torture. It called men by their names and pronounced them apwas not enough of arresting going of the control of this concelled and erratic correspondent of this concelled and erratic correspondent by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by their names and pronounced them appropriate subjects of persecution at a time by the subject of pe

LOUISVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1866.

A Tempest in a Teapet.

Big Grey Eagle yesterday brought up twelve of these prisoners, among them Captain Ayers, Dr. Speer, Ward Pavne, and Mesers. Sharp, Campbell, Butler, Hardesty, Green basen, Lecand Clemens. They were brought to this city and confined in the military prison. Gen. Royle is determined to break up the ranks of treason in Kentucky, and we would not be surprised that if, in doing so, some of the Kentucky traitors did not gad their respiration suddenly checked by

Negro Suffrage.

If will be noted that the Democrat condidated the designing of quiet citations with the remoted to the regrees. And of quarter citation with the remoted to the regrees. And of particular that of the regrees and of leading with the proposal propriet and for the propriet and of leading with the remoted to the same propriet of the following and the propriet and th sidered the dragging of quiet citizens from was thrown into spasms of indignation a District of Columbia to the negroes. An alderations with the members of the Radical An old quarrel existed between the two

For what must be the result of opening this political paradise of negroes to some millions of a turbulent and reckiess population of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation as aball make representation of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation as aball make representation depend, not upon population as bereight to deprive the southern states are now allowed the unumity will flow into the device of the foreign the turbulent of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation as aball make representation for the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation for the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation for the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation for the Edition who cannot elsewhere enjoy the devance of the Centility of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation which the state of the Union streams of balfsavage, userposentation of the Union streams of balfsavage and the userpose of the South that state the union of The street of th The Democrat says it has not a word of defense to make for its course during the war, and don't think it worth while to correct the falsehoods and misrepresentations of the Course as to what that course was. He supposes that we do not know what his course was, and thinks we have traveled too course was, and thinks we have traveled too.

It, in the cause with which the men the Democrat says it has not a word of defense to make for its course during the Democrat then persecuted sympathized and for which the persecuted sympathized and for which the appointment of which the appointment object, or is expected to accomplish the district from which the appointment of which the appointment of which the appointment of the Union streams of half-savage, uncompared that the course was. He aupposes that we do not know what his course was, and thinks we have traveled too.

Course was, and thinks we have traveled too.

The more sensible and industrious of the color-than the is a very loval man, and that his the course was in the late men ber for the district from which the appointment of which the appointment of which they suffered. Can such shifting was made was now Minister to Democrate of which remark was now district from which the appointment of which they suffered. Can such shifting was now Minister to Democrate of which remark was now in the cleentive from the later of the Curion streams of half-savage, uncomparity will flow into the description of the Union streams of half-savage, uncomparity will flow into the description of the Union streams of half-savage, uncomparity will flow into the description of the Union streams of half-savage, uncomparity will flow into the description of the Union streams of half-savage, uncomparity will flow into the description of the Union streams of half-savage, uncomparity will flow into the description of the Un

The Negro's Paradise.

The Courier is a modest paper.

If the courier is a modest paper with the lates, with orders out the county is not is ont to county. It is on the paper which presumes to the county in the county is not is ont to county in the county.

If the courier is a modest paper.

If the courier is a modest paper which presumes to the county is not is onto the mount paper wit

MURDEROUS APPAIRS IN MADISON COUN-TY.—William Simms was killed by Reca SPEECH OF HON. JAS. GUTHRIE. which gentlemen are contriving to carry out for the next five or ten years—God only In the United States Senate on Saturday,

half the amount required has been made uploaded at the subject that I have talked with the first brick. We could not decline a challenge so rudely given, much as we are avered to controversy.

It is said that Ir a kidridge, the mulatio angel lian, will shortly play a series of engagemen its in this country.

The Cornelins Fellowes, Esq., was elected. State Senator in the 1st and 4th District, New Orieans, last week, over two competitors—his majority being four votes over the highest.

The Helena (Ark.) Shield announces the arrival in that place of Col. Gco. Hancek, of this city.

The Helena (Ark.) Shield announces the arrival in that place of Col. Gco. Hancek, of this city.

money money

knows when it is to stop—is against these 55,000 people. All the rest are pardoned, freed from the stain of rebellion and the

NEW SERIES, NO. 9.

WILL MEET IN LOUISVILLE

sending delegates.

graphs as we have quoted from the Demoeral were appearing constantly during the war: and in no single instance, that we have been able to find, were the spirit and sentiments of one single one of them conthe sentiments of his assistants, he should on for publication. have displaced them and employed others whose views were more in accordance with individua! because he was a Southern sym-Paris regarded the Jacobin Club of cluded to follow his fliustrious example. in his frie honestly of French revolution. Month after

Such will be the judgment of all candid and right thinking men. the Democrat, before we had furnished the proof, the Democrat declared that they of Appeals at the next August election, for tself against them. We have already a making a defense. It is a very teeble one, we admit, but is sufficient to show that we have made the subject much

the articles; they had their effect; many

editor, must be responsible for them. left by itself to conduct the canvass.

Nearly all the white troops have been withdrawn from Kentucky, and that State is graarded by colored troops. We should like to inquire of Governor Magoffin how he likes the result of the rebellion so far as the State of Kentucky is concerned? If we have the result of the rebellion so far as the State of Kentucky is concerned? dent of the United States when he election. And why are these outrages pe

mpon Kentucky? Why is she guarded by colored troops? Was she ever faithless to the Government? Was she not during the whole war regarded as a loyal State? and was she not represented in Congress? Did she not furnish ninety thousand troops to whole war regarded as a loyal State? and was she not represented in Congress? Did she not furnish ninety thousand troops to sectore the Union? These things can not be denied; and yet, because we denied; and yet, because was once a slave State, Kentucky is insulted and trampled upon and derided, the habess of the sector the Union of the Union and trampled upon and derided, the habess of the sector the Union of the Union as a loyal State? and the Journal a secondary sector the Union of the Journal's policy. At this time we happen to be advocating the President's pian of reconstruction, which the Journal's policy. At this time we happen to be advocating the President Joinson as an embodiment of Democrate, after all its fines and furry passages of the Bolling uow, because the Breckintidge and Lane purty of that year, which the Courier calis the argumentum ad hominum with the Ourier calis the during the war, It then considered it a during the advocating the Democrate, which probably furnished some amnsing reading; but as there to be sure that such tokens of Democrate and a buse the Democrate, which the Courier as the revealed to a sure that such tokens of Democrate, It is simply no such the argumentum ad hominum with the during the argumentum ad hominum with the argumentum ad homin trampled upon and derided, the habous at thing wrong in itself, unadvisable in" its corpus denied her, a Freedman's Bureau continuance, "and destructive to our State;" bis claims to that convention, and was, of that we indorse, we may reasonably preerected in her borders, and military authorlty maintained within her limits by colored

and the Democrat has the assurance to course, bound by every obligation of honor sume that it will not be materially at value and good faith to submit to its decision. riance with us or with the body of the De-Ity malutained within her limits by colored soldiers. If Kentucky had not been faith.

We also were committed to support the mocracy when it comes to the serious business to ful to the Government and her peo- and Democrat were perhaps both right in nominee. Bolling failed to get the nomina ness of taking positions and supporting ty. We have been alming entirely at the barsh criticism as to the political merits of conquering tread of their own opinions at the time referred to. tion, and then, in violation of all obliga-Confederate armies would have shaken The Jonrnal was advocating the policy it tions which the submission of his name to the soil of Indiana and the cross of St. Andrew would have waved in the streets of ser cities. It is the basest ingratitude for policy which proposes to accomplish this vote, and thus securing the election of the the people on the other side of the river to object for the same purpose. In this it is opposing candidate. He knew that he had reproach Kentucky for her want of loyalty trated upon her. Though she did send era States to a respectable and independed election of Gen. Combs, Bolling was apmany of her gailant sons to the Southern ent position in the Government and to re- pointed his deputy, which, to an outsider, army she retained enough at home to form lieve them from military rule. During the war looks very much like there was an undera wall of defense between them and the the Democrat clamored for the maintenance standing between the two. people who now villify and malign her. It of the Union, now it opposes the only prac- But for this piece of deliberate and in. though by recent eulargements they are ablest men of the State: is not necessary to defend Mr. Magoffin ticable plan upon which it can be done. So excusable treachery to the Democratic paragainst the Commercial's splteful flings. He is esteemed where he is known as a high-toned honorable gentleman, and nothing that his enemies can say will impair the reason we condemn the unreason-that his enemies can say will impair the reason we condemn the necessary to the people of the South one of too much magnitude and importance.

Democratic Convention.

We hereby respect tilt not the team is a matter of much importance to the farmer to some other cause. But his attempt to some other cause. But his attempt to break up the Democratic party, and the observed respectition.

Democratic Convention.

We hereby respectition of a Resping and Mowing Machine, and as the break up the Democratic party, and the observed respectition.

We hereby respectition to the team is a matter of much importance to the farmer in making his and foolish course of the Democratic break up the Democratic party, and the observed respectition.

We hereby respectition.

We hereby respectition to the team is a matter of much importance to the farmer in making his and foolish course of the Democratic break up the Democratic party, and the observed respectition. against the Commercial's spiteful flings. He tar as the course of the Journal in this re-The Journal and the Democrat are both supporting Bolling for Clerk of the Conrt unless the President succeeds in procuring

supporting Bolling for Clerk of the Conrt of Appeals, the only State office to be filled by the people in the next election. The Journal wants a convention to nominate. Does the Democratic Convention? A Democratic Convention to nominate a candidate for the same office will also assemble. Does the Democratic Support the nominee of that Democratic Convention, or will it stick to Bolling?

Horses Branded "C. S." Not to be Sized Branded "C. S." Not to be Selzed As Governments Property.—The Morses Branded "C. S." Not to be Sized Branded "C.

Some short time since an order was issued from the War Department forbidding lawults being brought against Military Comaned in obedience to orders from Headquarters. We hear that General Palmer has re-The small pox is reported in Dan- A revival is in progress in Roberts

Carnered, but Would Confern A few days since, in referring to the ttle capital upon this dead issue, either course of the Democrat during the war, we willfully misrepresents or is lucapable of stated that it had advised the seiznre of the Kentneky were distinctly set forth lu the emprehending our previous explanations houses of citizens of Louisville, supposed to in this connection, we will endeavor to be be in sympathy with the rebellion, for milli- June 28, 1864, which we publish in another more explicit. We have stated that we by tary purposes, and that it favored an assessno means regarded the principles contained in the arrangement between Gens. Johnston and Sherman with indifference, or considered them dead for the reason that the stream of the stream no means regarded the principles contained | ment upon their property for the same pur-TUESDAY, MAY 1, '66 and Sherman with indifference, or con- ocrat made the following rude and positive to say, and what we did say, was that

with the Democrat, who, not satisfied with olutionary Radicals. and high professional standing from his

We do not change. We had been thrown into association with the Journal because we thought a division of the Union a thing wrong in itself, unadvisable in the attempt, and destructive to our own State.—[Demoadvocate of the men and the section which to blight and to destroy.

street, have secured six of the Southern consistent. We advocate the President's pol- no chance of an election, and ran to divide most admirable implements. Over thirty icy as the only means of restoring the South- the Democratic vote. Shortly after the

one of too much magnitude and import. success that attended it, we cannot forget. ance—one with which their personal safety After such an exhibition of want of stability and prosperity are too intimately connected and political integrity, we can place no re-

Boston, who was fried by a military com-mission at Savaunah, for using seditions ianguage, inciting the freedmen to revolt, &c., was found guilty and sentenced to one year's hard labor at Fort Phlaski.

the Federal service.

The Democratic and Conservative Parties in Kentucky.

The principles of the Democratic party in resolutious adopted in their convention of column. The Democratic party in Kentucky throughout the war heid on faithfully

A true plant and the property of the property

victed the Democrat upon the testimony we from the Union Conservative body, namely:

attention of the military authorities to an the party which it professes to advocate. we had not sustained the charges we had nlous action, the Democratic and Conservative parties have been acting pathizer, and demanding his arrest, it would have been very easy for him to have issued divided. It is all with the Courses and the Courses is with the party. If there is crat on this point. Although it denied, which is gratifying to all true patriois. an order prohibiting a repetition of the any division it can be described about thus: without any qualification, the charge that it During the contest of 1865, the Conservaoffense, and it would not have been repeat. The Democratic party and the Courses on advised the seizure of the property of tive members of the Legislature adopted a ed. But the paper went on from day to day one side and the Democrat on the other. Southern sympathizes, it still maintains that platform of a decidedly Democratic char-But the paper went on from day to day pointing out men for persecution, or calling for their expatriation, suggesting the seigure of their property and the levy of assessments upon them, tauging men already in standard under which the person, suggesting the seigure of their property and the levy of assessments upon them, tauging men already in standard under which the person, suggesting the seigure of their expatriation, suggesting the seigure of their property and the levy of assessments upon them, tauging men already in strained person, suggesting the seigure of their expatriation, suggesting the seigure of their definition.

The delited principles of surday whether it is proposed us, has shown, and is showing to measure them by the political standard under which the primary and most important object to be attraited power in the hands of those who would assail the President in his rever decking for reverting the seigure of complimation of the Union and the definite expatriation of pointing out men for persecution, or calling for their expatriation, suggesting the seizure

That's not much of a divide. An army or a party with no more straggiers than that directly, it is true, but still the argument is of Conservative Democrats, of which Mr.

mouth these spiteful and malignant paragraphs continued to appear, and now that the editor was not responsible for them. We cannot permit the Democrat to smeak through so small a hole out of the consequences of its malignity. It must consequences of its malignity. It must agent up to the rock. The reper printed mouth these spiteful and malignant paragraphs continued to appear, and now that the editor was not responsible for them. We cannot permit the Democrat to smeak through so small a hole out of the consequences of its malignity. It must consequences of its malignity. It must agent up to the rock. The reper printed mouth these spiteful and malignant paragraphs continued to appear, and now to take the oath or leave in forty days. It was right to compel Union meu of the south to escape to Louisville for safety. It was right to compel Union meu of the south to escape to Louisville for safety. It was right to compel Union meu of the south to escape to Louisville for safety. It was right to compel Union meu of the south to escape to Louisville for safety. It was right to compel Union meu of the was right to compel Union of the Couservative party having all portion of the Couservative party having the freedom of elections vindicated, the Raditation of the was right to compel Union of the Couservative party having all portion of the Couservative party having all portion of the Couservative party having all portion of the Couservative party having and rob her people. It was right to compel union of the Couservative party having and rob her people off and the Democrate of the the two the freedom of elections vindicated, the Raditation can distinct the material to the issae between us and th

reaching out for, every suspected man or woman, when the Federal prisons were 1865. If we judge by the past action of the respond to the sisted the great sin of that paper, and for hour, voluntarily, and without any require-ment of law or obligation of houor, consti-ment of law or obligation of houor, constiof amity and for whom, we suppose, it had professed friendship and respect, and cailed for their imprisonment and exite and the selter skeiter miscording for their imprisonment and exite and the selter property. We say such conduct was inhuman, and showed a want of those feelings which dignify and do credit to our nature.

And then, after these things have passed,

Constitutional Democracy. We have had a few lively passages of they publish editorials of which the follow- the ashes of their commander and leader.

States for the introduction and sale of these thousand of them have been soid in the North and West during the past nine years-the now making them at the rate of one every two horses, we deem that an important feature. Its durability and strength are in the elty of Maysville, on the 17th day of not be destroyed like most machines by exposure to the weather or breakage, being of act to manage the combined machine as a hand-raker. Messrs. Brink & Ransom also

have the "Kirby Clipper," a single mower,

vertisement in another coinmn.

peaches, put up by himseif.

The Democrat says that we neve

This delivered the transfilate. The Journal of Thirsday last let itself out

Call of the Democratic Central Committee of Kentneky for a Conven-tion on the First of May. denial:

"As to the charge that we defended, or advised taking property of rebels and all that stuff, it is merciy a false-hood."

Here was an issue fairly made up. One of the statements was necessarily false. Either the Democrat was necessarily false or it had not. If it had not we had misrepresented it; if it had done them it had misresented it; if it had done them it had misresented it; if it had done them it had misresented it; if it had done them it had misresented it; if it had done them it had misresented it; if it had done them it had misresented it is in the property of received a divided taking property of received a the first number of the Courier and making such arrangements in behalf of the party as the progress of events might require.

Since that appointment the committee of the Courier was using all its might declarate of the progress of events might require.

Since that appointment the committee of the Courier was using all its might declarate of the progress of events might require.

Since that appointment the committee of the progress of the contention, by the declaration of the Union, and have never swerved a declaration of the Union, and have never swerved a discussion was treated as a crime and free suffrage as a right to which Kentucky was not entitled. In the Presidential campaign they co-operate the Union of the Courier was using all its might under a hostile banner to overthrow the downstreament of the first number of the Courier was all Union Democrats will admit. While such Democrats were sustantial to the farst number of the Courier was all Union Democrats will admit. While such Democrats were sustantial to the latest number of the continuously sustained the other stones of the union of the Union, and have never swerved a hair's breadth from the position originally and on the first number of the Courier was using all its might declarate the other stones of the Union of the Union, and have never swerved a hair's breadth from the position originally and the first number of the Courier

Democracy, or admit his right to dietate ieaders to the party.

We are very well satisfied with our posiacceptable to those for whom we write.

their officers, have contributed the neces- Chronicie the following list of Confederates sary sum to erect a monnment to the mem- who died in the hospitals of that place ory ot Stonewall Jackson. It may be that during the years 1861 and 1862; there are some for our laud is not free Adams Stephen

ousy amongst those who are now cooperating Jackson are chapiets of giory worthy to heartly, by raising the cry that the Courier encircle the brows of the guardian spirit of unity and success of the Democratic party, the falth he died for will be rebuked, and but we cannot be ostraelsed from that party his fame will be recorded even by his by the Democrat, nor can we allow it to enemies, as that of an American who fulpursue a factious course aiming at the di-filled his mission upon earth in obedience mounmental marble the attestation of the powers, the honorable motive, the energy, and the self-sacrifice of our own countrymen, whatever may have been the doctrine for which, in their conception of patriotism. they offered up their lives? The blood that from Southern veins has sunk into our soil euriches it with the evidences of American valor, and when the story of that fearful conflict shall be listened to by onr children without prejudice or sectional autipathies, they will say the heroes who perished in that struggie. Northern and Southern, rebei aud lovalist. fought well, died nobly, and left no shame upon our country's shield. What Greek is not proud to point to-day to the fields where the warriors of Atheus, Thebes and Sparta schieved renown in civilstrife? Here Epaminondas triumphed and perished; here Haley Thos, Head's regt Agesllans fought valiantly and was defeated; here Alcibides conquered. So shall the history of our republic yleid hereafter Harls G J, 69th Tean Hancon Joehua, 86th Miss the gnerdon of brave deeds to North and South alike; and our people, now that the swords are sheathed, the cannous hushed and the battie fleids redeemed from the Johnson Johnson I k harvests of death for the biessed fruits of industry, would but sutleipate the sentl-

A Correction Reguland, The Memphis Bulletin of a late date, con-

upon Democracy and Democratic organs, tains a long article, arraigning the Louis- Democratic State Convention, Jan. and disensed, at some length, the position VILLE Counter upon a series of charges, 1864: of the Coursen. It objects, but upon what based upon its hostility to the polley of the 1. Rewlead, That the people are the supres right it claims to do so we do not under- President, to none of which it pleads guilty, sovereigns, and the constitutions which they have ordained are the supreme govstand, to the Courter as a leader of the and holding it responsible for language it Democratic party, or a teacher of Democratic never used. We presume the injustice of mics, either of the people or their Gov.

had produced, and yet to this day it has not had the maniliness and honesty to withdraw its insolent denial and acknowledge that we were right. If it had iorgoiten that these paragraphs had ever appeared in its columns it should have had the maniliness tolumns it should have had the maniliness of the paragraphs had ever appeared to say so, and not thus stand convicted to the parties subsequently, acting the war, is entirely unwarranted by anything that has appeared in the elevation of the negro to political equality and the lumillation and degration and the white man, if they had reached their power through the natural growth and the white man, if they had reached their power through the natural growth and the uniform tenor the cievation of the negro to political equality and the lumillation and degration and the white man, if they had reached their power through the natural growth and the white man, if they had reached their power through the natural growth and their power through the natural growth and the parties subsequently, acting the war, is entirely unwarranted by anything that has appeared in of the negro to political equality and the lumillation and degration and the white man, if they had reached their power through the natural growth and the proving resolution of the negro to political equality and the lumillation and degration and the white man, if they had reached the white man, if they had reached the parties of the period of one electoral theket, and with general power to find the support of the cievation of the negro to political equality and the lumillation and degration and the white man, if they had reached the parties of the proving resolution, the committee that the cievation of the negro to political equalities and the manilines.

In accordance with the cievation of the negro to political equalities and the lumillation and degration and the support of the cievation of the negro to power the parties of the support of the parties are the cievation of the negro to power the parties.

In acco to say so, and not thus stand convicted without putting in any plea whatever, and by their Central Committees, agreed on a been unsheathed. It was because of this been unsheathed. It was because of this been unsheathed. It was because of this been unsheathed a word of censure upon his belief in the designs of the Northern peoperations incident to the bloody and wasting conflict; for the ple, unmistakably indicated in the triumph course. Is it not strange, then, that we organize their strength. All good Demorestoration of the country of a sectional party, and a President fear- should be held up to such accountability? crais can respond to their trampet-call and

more upon the high road of prosperity from which it was so widely diverted by the events of the past four years. We have striven earnestly for these results, and the Democrat very grossly misrepresents us when it says that we are either seeking for the unbridled spirit of despoism which has ferences. The other committee displayed a "masterly inactivity."

Now, in 1866, the war being ended and the freedom of elections vindicated, the Radial portion of the Conservative party having dropped off and the Democrate—the Democrate—the

We think that if it will refer to the paper from which it made the extracts upon which Journal it will be much more likely to be was a city contemporary and not the Cou-RIER from which it was copying.

Deaths of Confederates in Clarksville. Tennessee. Jno. F. Couts publishes in the Clarksville

Mathewa M V, Head's reg Manning M, 50th Tenn

—col'd, died at Murray Wm W Mahany A M r G W Dorsey's re JJ, lat Miss ohn Col, 7th Texas, P Poplin A P A J.26th Te

,5th Tenn South Tenn

upkins J.M., let Mikenly G.L. liginion, C D, let Miss

A KENTUCKY RADICAL - The special ment of posterity in untually laying their offerings upon the graves of the fallen.

Washington correspondent of the Cheinnati Gazette thus speaks of one of the Rad Upwards of seventy amendments to | leal members of Congress from Kentucky: the Constitution have already been offered during the present session of Congress. If they should all be adopted there would not be enough of the original document left to swear to, though the Constitution, as amended, would do very well to swear at.

It is a members of Congress from Kentucky:

Hon. S. McKee, of the Mt. Sterling (Ky.) district, delivered his maiden speech in the House to-day, upon the question of representation. The effort was a mosa creditable one. In view of the action of the rebel Legislature of Kentucky, this speech was a mended, would do very well to swear at.

Mr. McKee has secured for himself the Mr. McKee has secured for himself the constitution of the control of The Turners' Association in Nash-ville have purchased a lot for \$10,000 cash, on which they propose to erect a magnifi-bellion should ever be admitted to a seat in

Demineratie Plateiemie

Resolutions adopted by the Kentucky

Fatal Shooting at Lexington. The Observer and Reporter of Saturday

The Observer and Reporter of Saturday has the following:

On yesterday morning at about 2 o'clock, a young man named Wm. Fogle, of this city, was shot and killed, on Water, between Upper and Limestone streets, by J. K. P. Moore, policeman in Ward No. 1.

The testimony elicited in the case at the examining trial, was substantially as follows: A party of young men being on a spree, and very boisterous, were remonstrated with by the police, to which they paid no attention, but continued their disorder. After the arrest of one of the parties, young Fogle stated that he should not be taken to the watch-house, and when such an attempt was made some shooting would commence, and persisted in being noisy and abusive to the police, and in cudcavoring to take him to the watch-house he (Fogle) resisted and succeeded in getting loose, when Moore tried to rearrest him, but Fogle drew his pistol and fired twice at Moore, who then fred one shot taking effect in Fogle's forehead, just overthe right eye, from the effect of which he died in two hours.

Moore was arranged before Jndge Good loo on yesterday morning, and npon the testimony submitted was discharged.

Marriage of Mrs. Douglas.

Last evening Mrs. Adele C. Douglas was united in matrimony with Brevet Brigadier General Robert Williams, United States

Last evening Mrs. Adele C. Douglas was united in matrimony with Brevet Brigadier General Robert Williams, United States

nomas A. Scott and lady, or Fainadethia, and several relatives of the bride.

The dress of the bride was made of white orded silk, (high in the ueck,) and a rich lile veil.

The bridegroom appeared in fail military affers.

The rooms were elegantly decorated with flowers, and the display of diamonds, pearls and splendid dresses of the ladies presented a sight at once charming and interesting to the spectator.—[Wasnington Chroniele,

BUST OF GENERAL LEE,-The Staunton udicator says;
"Mr. Frederick Volck, the German sculp "Mr. Frederick Volck, the German sculp-tor, who was engaged to make the bronze statue of 'Stomewal Jackson,' was in our city Tuesday night last. He has made a bust of General Lee and gotten the neces-sary data, and will no doubt, at some future day, produce a bronze statue of that great and good man."

An Irishman, comparing his watch with the town clock, burst lute a fit of langhter. Being langhed at, he replied, "And how can I help it? Here is my little watch that was made by Paddy O'Flaherty, on Ormond Quay, and which only cost me five guineas, has bent that big clock there a full hour and a quarter since yesterday morning." morning."

on the 4th of January, 286%, and the lowest the 11th of May, 128%. The amount o specie exported from New York in 1965, was \$29,922,606. The highest amount exported in any year since 1853 was in 1850, and the lowest in 1861, \$4,226,-

Mornigue Ge nuclikafu tinverguer GOV. JENKINS, OF GEORGIA

The Fon. Chas. J. Jankins is his recent arrange to the Legislature of Georgia, Enough has transpired to justify the ex-

In reference to the code of laws framed by tection of negroes, Gov. Jenkine says:

the Western and Atlantic Railroad to a Board of Commissioners, so as to free the me agement of the road from political control. capitally. Horse stealing is especially re-'Concerning the finances the Governor re

First, that the Legislature authorize the

row of the cent. be established as the ruling rate of interest, and ten per cent, be allowed when It is recommended to tax the colored n

ulation for the support of paupers of that GOV. PATTON OF ALABAMA.

Hon. Robert M. Pation, in his message to the Legislature of Alabama, mys:

Governor Patton states that the bonded debt of the State amounts to three million lars. He expects to be able to resume pay-

ment of the interest on this debt by the lat of January, 1867. With reference to a stay law, the Gover

The industrial and business inte

other.

In fixing restrictions upon saits for debt.
I think that creditors should be allowed full opportunities for collecting the interests apon their claims. This is a matter of simple justice, and no reasonable debtor would complain of it. Indeed, a law that would complain of it. Indeed, a law that would so operate as to necessarily augment a debt by the recumulation of interest would be ultimately a disastuming to the debtor. The creditor therefore should be allowed legal process for obtaining his interest; and it might be advisable to extend his privilege to a certain per contum of the principal. A law, for instance, which would allow the collection of interest, and twenty-five or thirty-three per centum of the principal annually, would be of material advantage to the creditor and could not be reasonably presumed to subject the debtor to oppressive exactions. There must certainly be very few, if any persons who cannot pay annually one-third, or at least one-fourtir, of their indebtedness.

Any law which grants relief to debtors is

Meeting in Anderson County. Meeting in Anderson County.

At a meeting of the Conservative Democracy of Anderson county, beld in Lawrence-burg, Ky., on Monday, the 22d of January, 1866, on motion of Mr. James Ripy, James M. Bell, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and John F. Wills, Esq., appointed Secretary.

On motion, the Unit' appointed Messer.

J. C. Oliver, Monroe Walker, James Ripy, and R. IL Crossfield as a committee to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of the neeting, who retired, and returned with the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Amounted, That a copy of these resolutions be warded by the Secretary to the Hon, John D and a copy to the Dem with and Courier, of I will, nor publication, with the request that the copied by all the Conservate papers of the Stat Amounted, That the me "he adopton one de. J. J. W.E.S. M. Ballill, Chairm John F. Willia, Secretary,

The Chrohiele indorses a roorbeel

for some time in Virginia, and in Richmond, it will be an accommodation to ber friends and correspondents to state that letters will

England. The cabinet makers of London lately demanded an advance of ten per cent, on all kinds of work, and received it.

to get the COURIER and Journal together. CIVIL SUITS AGAINST GEN. PALMER .-

than he can handle. It is not good general will make contracts for them, and, what is being brought against Military Committee opposing forces to committee oppos ceived information from Washington that the said order also applied to Kentucky. This will, of course, put a stop to the many suits now pending in the civil Courts against General P., the damages in which it is stated make up a total of nearly \$100.600. is stated make up a total of nearly \$100,600. a pain in yer head without any putty!

hose principles were not in issue now bood." in the struggle for the restoration of

ple was only rewarded by persecution. It should hold meetings as soon as possible for that purpose, and send their proceedings

will be, in fact, a fair and full embodiment

ties which have not yet appointed delegates,

Judge of the Court of Appeals.

The Democrat and the Journal.

ot the will of the people of Kentneky.

The Democrat says that the Coursen was leaving upon the minds of its readers, who common electoral ticket for the State. morning and found an article directing the revived in Kentucky just in time to divide do not see our paper, the impression that As a natural consequence of this harmo-We were not aware that our party was brought.

cluded to follow his illustrious example.

Buchanan, Fillmore and Fremout were the loyal States. It was right to require them

Kentucky cast her vote for a Democratic as every intelligent reader will under- advantages of concerted and harmonione credit for our motives and intentions. President. That was one time the cause we stand, that we were not making a point action in the elections. They have accordmen doubtless suffered through them, and eupported did not fail, but it would probagainst the Government. We made no aringly issued a call, in which they invite all, now the Louisville Democrat, editor or no ably have done so if the Democrat had been gument against the authorities for doing without regard to past issues, to raily as satisfied with advocating the measures de-We are authorized to announce M. R. Hardin, Esq., of Nelson county, as a candieyes were upon, and their strong arms crats will respond as heartly as they were destroy those whom it suspected of sympacrats will respond as heartly as they were destroy those whom it suspected of sympacrats will respond as heartly as they with the Southern cause. In this conthe Third Appellate District, composed of erowded with groaning vietims and no man Conservative Democrats in the Legislature, this it has not yet atoned. the counties of Jefferson, Builitt, Spencer, of Southern sympathies felt safe for a single there is no longer any great issues upon Nelson, Hardin, Meade, Larue, Hart, Barren, Mouroe, Cumberland, Clinton, Wayne, Russeli, Casey, Lincoln, Washington, Marion, Taylor, Green, Metcalfe and Adair. Mr. Hardin has the very highest recommendations for ability, energy, integrity

> man in the right place." There seems to be very little doubt entertained of his men is forgotten, it has the shameless audacity to present itself as par excellence the

> > it struggled so hard and so unscrupulously

Verdi is writing an opera on the

The Democratic Central Executive Committee, appointed by the last Democratic State Convention, which met in Louisville

STATE CONVINTION.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 8, 1866.

to revenge the wrongs perpetrated upon us disposed to rub out the lines between Fedand our friends during the war, is entirely erai and State authority; just as frantic tor to a state of peace and harmony, and a fully imbued with principles hostile to Southunited and general effort to put it once ern rights, that we of the South were immore upon the high road of prosperity from pelled to resistance as a measure of self. Our readears are well aware that there is

these things. Onr business was exclusively friends of the Constitution against the rev-signed for putting down the rebellion, but what the authorities were doing when their To this call we trust Conservative Demo- and travelied out of its way to injure and

Nonsense from the Democrat. They don't indorse generally the Democracy the Courier advocated in 1860. Secssion does not pass for Democracy with the tuted itself the public denouncer of men with whom it had always lived upon terms of amity and for whom, we suppose, it had suppose that the helter-skeiter missing the control of the members, and we do not present Democratic party in Kentucky.

And then, after these things have passed, sion. It might be expedient to call a dissort in the Democrat will pass for an edito-who will denounce as treasonable and dissort in the Democrat will pass for an edito-level the state of hourse beauty to and the Democrat presumes, no doubt, that the record of its malignity against Southern the record of its malign ber who are not willing to meet with the whatever in favor of secession, or against whom all men that are not a disgrace to Democracy; but we think there are very few any Democrat because he was not a seees manhood will respect in his grave as havindeed who do not now see that there can siouist. The few who do not read the ing approved himself a Christian, a hero, be no third party between the Democracy | Courses may be humbugged for a little | and an earnest laborer in a cause that he and the Radicals, and that the anti-Radicals time by such stuff. The editors of the Dem- held just. But the great majority of our should be organized as one great party- ocrat must be dreadfully distressed for people will appland this simple act of devosomething to say against the Courier when tion, on the part of conquered soldiers; to

> The Democrat has been doing a great deal to of condemnation. divide the Democratic party, and ereate jeal- The laurels of such men as Stonewall

vision of the party, without endeavoring to to the dictates of his conscience. Why counteract a policy so rulnous in its ten- should we not be proud to witness upon The true Democracy of Kentucky shops of the manufanturers never having are waking up. The following earnest call been able until now to turn out a supply for a convention in Mason has attached to even for the States where first introduced, it the signatures of some of the best and Democratic Convention

> February, 1866, to arrange for the nomination of candidates at the next Angust elec-W. W. ROBB,
> E. C. PHISTER,
> EMERY WHITAKER,
> J. A. SLACK,
> JAS. W. WEAR,
> JAS. N. WILLETT,
> W. W. BROWNING,
> JNO. B. POYNTZ,
> R. H. STANTON. R. H. STANTON,
> JNO. A. LOUGHBRIDGE,
> WM. P. COONS,
> J. L. RUSSELL, A. K. MARSHALL, THOS. J. THROOP, RICHARD DAWSON, W. S. FRANK,

ABNER HORD, GEO. W. SULSER. weighing only some 450 pounds. See ad GEN. FORREST. -The Memphis Argus, of Saturday last, says that Gen. N. B. Forrest has quit the business there lu which he was chards or replenish oid ones, are referred to engaged, and has left the city, and, as bethe advertisement of the well-known nur- lieved, gone to Mexico. lie had received serymen, H. S. Duucan & Son. Mr. D. lutimations of the probability of his arrest also has for sale the choicest of canned by the military anthorities at Washington.

According to official returns, during advocated a cause that did not fail. How on which they propose to erect a magnifi-

suspended in Kentneky—for the existence may occur, and to call future conventions, and to make any reasonable adjustment to make any reasonable adjustment to make any reasonable adjustment. Instead of indulging in phillipics, we have uniformly appealed to the people to raily to differences of political sentiment were of tion, the Committee have acted. They

tion in the past, and if it does not suit the it comments, the Bulletin will flud that it has the following:

llard R, 50th Tenn

aniel Wm thridge R. 50th Tenn by Robt H. 20th Miss erguson I. P. 50th Va erguson B. F. — Miss itzpatrick Jas., lst Miss zpatrick Jas, 186 and izelle Wm rmer Henry, 50th Tenn Starler N S, 80th Tenn Seen J A, 5d Miss Siven G W Forrest's cav Stoodwin F H, 7th Texas

Harris I H Harris J W, 28th Tenn Harper R A, 28th Miss Hopper N H larris Wm R, 56th Tenn Hoppa A, 1st Mks

the war Kentucky furnished 78,546 men to that,

advocated a cause that did not fail. How on which they propose to erect a magnificant the prominent about the Tomppert business? Answer us that,

on which they propose to erect a magnificant the close all the prominent cent hall—devoted to lageer teer and the members of the Union party crowded atheism.

England. Lately denote the federal service.

on all kinds of work, and received it.

The Bulletin says that the enemies of the give us a Convention such as has not been

nor remarks:

August, 1814. Reterred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Sherman offered a bill which was referred to the Military Committee, an thorizing the President to appoint at the request of any college capable of containing 150 young men, a military officer, to act as president or apportnteadent and give in structions in military service.

Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to grant a million acres of the public land for the use of the public schools of the District of the Columbia.

hims to ten dollars. htr. Clark offered an amendment, which Mr. Crark directed and acception to cases in seadopted. An exception to cases in tich the acting officer shall certify the vices rendered to be worth more. Mr. Trumbull called np the bill for the stection of all persons in their civil

Mr. Trumbull offered an amendment to

Mr. Trumbull offered an amendment to insert the following words after the enacting clause: that all persons of African descent, born in the United States, are hereby declared to be citizens.

Mr. Ramsey, of Minn., presented a memorial from St. Paul Board of Trade, asking for the improvement of the upper Mississippriver, and such commercial arrangements with British provinces as will secure the freedom of the Welland and St. Lawronce canals to American vessels, and the cultarefreedom of the Welland and St. Lawronce canals to American vessels, and the enlargement of those canals by the Canadian Government to a capacity sufficient to passessels of one thousand tons burden, from Lake Superior or Chicago, to the ocean, and also, that a joint committee, representing the governments of States and provinces, shall be authorized, with a view to a litheral and satisfactory system of reciprocal trade. Reterred to Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Yates, of Illinois, Introduced the fole on Reconstruction: Whereas, The Constitution of the United tates abolishes slavery in all the States and certifories of the United States, whereby States abolishes slavery in all the States and Territories of the United States, whereby all Constitutions, laws or regulations of any State or Territory in aid of slavery, or growing out of the same, are null and void; and, whereas, by virtue of said abolition or slavery, all men in all the States and Territories are citizens, entitled to all the rights and privileges of citizens, subject only to the legal disabilies applicable to white persons; and whe reas, also, it is expressly provided that Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation the aforesaid power abolishing elavery, which cannot be done without protecting all citizens against all restrictions, penalties or deprivations of right, resulting from slavery, and securing to them all the civil and pollitical eights, including the clective frauchise?

Therefore be it enucled. That no State or Territory of the United State, shall, by any constitutional law whatever, heretofore in force or hereafter to be adopted, make or enforce, or in any manner recognize any distinction between citizens of the United States or any State or Territory, on account of race or color, or condition, shall be protected in the full and equal enjoyment and exercise of all their civil and political rights, including the right of suffrage.

Mr. Harris presented a reamonstrance of citizens against the renewal of the reciprosity treatly, which was referred to the Committee on Pub-

Rentucks Legislatures

PRANKFORT, Jan. 26, 1866. SENATE. A bill for the benefit of the towns i Senate.—Mr Grimes offered a joint resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Rear
Admiral Parragut, and the officers and men
under him, for their gathant conduct in the
engagement in Mobile bay on the 5th of
August, 18th. Referred to the Committee
on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Chandter—County Courts—House
bill in relation to the Washington county
cont. Passed.

Mr. Haibert—Same—A House bill to
anthorase the Spencer county court to levy
a tax to build a court-house, Passed.

Same—A House bill to
authorize the Spencer county court to levy
a tax to build a court-house. Passed. Same—A llouse bill to authorize the county court of Hickman county to increase their poti tax, &c. Passed. Same—A House bill to anthorize Graves county to issue county bonds, and for other purposes. Amended and passed. The contested election case of Carlisle vs.

enton.

Mr. Benton had the floor and proceeded of the deteuse of his claims to his seat on the floor of the Senate.

Mr. Helm responded somewhat at length, and Mr. Benton closed the debate, and then the question was upon the adoption of the minority report, which declares the seal due Mr. Benton, and the vote was—yeas 19, The vote on the majority report which declares the seat vacant was then taken and the result was in the affirmative.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Mr. Webb—To charter a Cemetery Company in Smitefield, Heury county. Passed.
Mr. McMillan, from the Committee on the Penit ntiary, to whom had been referred the resolutions offered by Mr. Bradley, in relation to the keeper of the Kentucky Penitentiary, asked further time to make their rupert which was greated.

their report, which was granted.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Lawrence offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz: Illion, which was adopted, viz:

Whereas, It has become absolutely necessary to make some provision for the rollet of many linean persons now comfined in the july of this Common wealth, and for others inadequately provided for, especially in the counties of Eastern Kentneky, therefore,

Resolved, That the Speaker appoint a commillee of three members of this flouise to visit the institutions at lexington, and Western Lunatic Anylum, and inquire into the practicability of making some absolute to said institutions; also, to inquire into the care and enstedy of linear negroes on the grounds of said institutions, and to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Westloria officered, the tollowing resonance of the care of the said institutions, and to report by bill or otherwise.

r. Woltord offered the tollowing reso-on, which lies one day on the table, viz: Resolved by the General Assembly of the Com-nonnealth of Kentucky, That the election of pub-ic officers be postponed until Wednesday, the Stel-lay of this month.

Mr. J. W. Davis offered the following ntion, which was adopted, viz: Resolved by the House of Representatives, That the use of this field be tendered for to-morrow from and ther is victock P. M., to the live. Thos. C. Teasdale, those desire is to deliver an address in behalf of the Orphans' Home of the State of Mississippi.

Mr. McHenry-Judiclary—Empowering the Grayson Conuty Court to build a courthouse. Passed.

Same—To incorporate the town of Litchfield. Passed, field. Passed,
Same—To amend the charter of the city
of Henderston. Passed.
Same—In relation to the town of Campbellsville, Taylor county. Passed.
Mr. Bnekner—Judiciary—To incorporate
the Lonisville and Memphis l'eople's Line
Packet Company. Passed.

which Mr. Julian accepted, to provide trial cither by civil or willtary tribunals.

Mr. Jakian accepted a modification proposed by Mr. Bingham, adding "or the other crimes of which be stands charged."

The House refused to second a demand for the previous question, when, a debate arising, the resolution went over.

Mr. Farquhar, of Indama, offered the following resolution, which was accounted, viz:

Mr. Finnic offered the following resolution, which was accounted, viz:

Excellent 114 Each 114 Lead 114 Mr. Finnic Olered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be requested to report whether it be expedient and proper, by jesislation, to make compensation to discuss of this State for wanton in little done to their property by State troops, and report by fill or

Farquhar, owing resolution, which we district the Committee for the Branch the constitution laws of the district, so as to carcillate from the exercise of right of suffrage, all persons who have willingly borne arms against the United States, or have accepted it office from the rebets during the resultance of the rebets during the resultance of the resultance of the constitution of the amendment to the constitution of the following resolution.

The House their resulted the constitution of the following resolution, which was adopted:

**Respect by the General Amendity, doc. That the feeting for Keeper of the Pentioniary be postioned until Finday, the 2d day of February, at 12 closes.

**Mr. Corbett offered the following resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, viz:

**Wrence of the Committee of the Committee on Military Affairs, viz:

**Wrence of the Committee of the

on Military Affairs, viz:

Where, Outrages lave been committed apon the propie of the teammonwealth of kentucky which were not matthed by the laws of war, nor by the usage one villed makine; and whereas, some of those intrasted with temporary military committed into private life to enjoy the made to the robustics committed upon our people, and the contrast life of the robustics committed upon our people, and the contrast life of the robustics o we an Reconstruction.

We have the same of the same of

Mr. Patrick offered the following resolu-tions, which lie one day on the table, viz.

Amended and proceed the influence of the case of the control of the c Mr Patrick offered the following resolu-tions, which lie one day on the table, viz: Wrake a. It is manifested to the people of this Commonwealth that the present sum assessed for

Bed Resolved, &c., That at the next regular elec-ton held for this State, that the respection are not the injoodion or levying of such lax for the poses aforesaid.
And if a majority of the votes cast al said electure in favor of said lax, that this resolution is become a law after the computation of such by the proper Board of the Styfe, and that said itional annu of five per centso voted shall be coled and accounted for at the same time and his same manner by the collecting officers of this cast is now provided for by law for the collect and sayment of taxes for common school puress.

Mr. Poindexter offered the following re-Mr. Poindexter offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz.

The Committee ou Education, to whom was referred the petition of Lawson W. Adams and others, late inmates of the Institution for the Biud, complaining of the management of said institution, have had the same under consideration and would respectfully report, that with a view to the ends of justice both to the petitioners and those having charge of said institution, we would recommend the following resolution:

**Remotered by the General Amenbut of the Com-Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That there be a commined by the Speakers of the two Houses, consisting of three members of the House of Representatives and two members of the Senale, whose daily it shall be to repair to gaid institution and is.

Mr. Buckner offered the following reso-Mr. Duckher onered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That when this Honse adjourns on Thesday, the 30th of January, 1866, that it will adjourn to meet on the ensuing Thursday, at 10 o'clock a.m. Mr. Buckner offered the following resointions, which were adopted—yeas 69, nays 21—viz:

ps 21—viz:
Tragins, It is represented that Wm. C. Good.
Judge of the Circuit Four for the 13th Indicisi
trict of this State, has been guilty of a lich misneamor in His. that she are guilty of a lich misneamor in His. that she are guilty of a lich misneamor in His. that she are the control of the redistrict of the Fayette Circuit Court to enter an ordismissing indictments for crimer found in ardismissing indictments for crimer found in ardismission for the found in the crimer found in a crimer

trip of the found in the crimer for th office; therefore,

Resolved. That the Speaker appoint a committee
of three members to inquire fullo said charges, with
power to sit at any place in his State to summon,
swear, and examine witnesses, and report in writing
to this Hones at as early a day as practicable.

Mr. Yonng offered the following resolu-

tion, which was referred to the Common Military Affairs, viz: WHEREAS, The State of Kentneky is now saddled the a Military Board, whose salaries, for officers, lerks, &c., amount to over (\$22,500) twenty-five housand dollars the last year, as has been sngges-d; and whereas there is not hustness enough in the be it Resolved. That the Military Committee of this Honac be instructed to bring in a bill at the carllest practicable moment to repeal the whole system, and to present amone speedy and practical mode of selfling up the business by an agent of the State or otherwise.

Passed.
Mr. Gorin—Same—A bill in relation to the oil and saining corporations of this Commonwealth. Passed.
Same—A bill for the benefit of Mary E. Alexander, of Cumberland county. Passed.
Same—A bill to charter the Novelty Oil, Mislan, and Mannfacturing Commany. Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Passed.

Sante—A bill to incorporate the Ohlo and Great Southern Railway Company. Orders of the day.

Sante—A bill to incorporate the Newport, Ponnd Gap and Nortolk Egilroad Company. Dr. Taylor, of Richmond (Baptist), in the cotumns of the New York Examiner, says: "Southern Baptists are seasonais of no wrong in the matters concerning which they are charged. They have no concessions to make. The deep, broad guif which lies belygen the sections has been dug by the North, and the Forth puly can fill or bridge it. As tong as they occupy their present position on union can exist." Orders of the day.

Same—A bill to incorporate the Mernts' and Mauutucturing Insurauce Com-Same—A bill to forbid the sale of liquors in the town of Somerset, or within one mite thereof. Passed.

Same—A bill to incorporate the Lovelt and Roussesu Oil and Mining Company.

The Alexandes (LA) Democracy published and the control of the following extract from a givistate letter to the following extract from a givistate letter and a following extract from a givistate letter and a Superintendent of the giving of the giving of the following extract from a givistate letter and a superintendent of the giving of the giving of the following extract from a givistate letter and a superintendent of the giving with the giving of the giving with the giving of the giving with the giving with the giving of the giv passed.
Mr. Bruner—Revised Statutes—A House
bill to incorporate the Wide Awake Oil Company. Aluended and passed. Same—A House bill to incorporate the Same—A House bill to incorporate the Hussey Oil Company. Amended and passed. Same—A House bill to incorporate the Pioneer Oiland Minlug Company. Passed. Mr. Cleaveland—Banks—A bill to incorporate the Savings and Deposit Bank of the town of Eikton. Amended and passed. Same—A lift to incorporate the Depos Bank of Somerset. Passed. Bank of Somerset. Passed.

Same—A bill to amend the charter of the Franklin Hank of Kentucky. Passed.

Same—A bill to create the Deposit Bank of Princeton. Passed.

Mr. Wright—Agriculturat and Maunfacturing—A libuse bill to incorporate Muldrough's Hill Fruit and Fish Company. Passed. Same—A bill to incorporate the Clark County Agricultural Society. Passed.
Mr. Win. Johnson-Circuit Courts-A
lill to extend the June term of the Hardin
Circuit Court. mails heretofore carried over the Lebanon Branch of the Nashville Railroad. Adopt-The Senate then adjourned. HOUSE OF REPRESENTIVES. The Speaker having been called home on impentive tuelness, at his request Mr. Bell alled the House to order. Mr. Young offered the tollowing resolu-

o incorporate the Campbellsville Academy

the benefit of soldiers and sullors med in the service of the United States

tion, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Auditor of Public Accounts be request to Inform his House why his annual report, required by law to be laid before the General Assembly, has not been done, and that he Committee on Printing he required to investigate life addition. here. Even our Normern papers mistake my position. I refused to enter the votunteer force first called out by Lincoln—the 75,000 call—because I considered the rebellion was bound to involve the whole Sonth, and could be handled only by vast armies, and these of regulars. I urged an army so large as to make your rebellion ridiculous.

But events have drifted otherwise, and thank Goil, it is over. I think such a thing will never be dreamed of again. I wish you all well, I wish the Sonth well, and it I have been a scourage, think how much better that It was I than Ben. Builer, or some other of that school. ubject. Mr. Ogtevic—Ways and Means—For beu ofit of H. W. Holland, of McCracken county Passed.
Same—For benefit M. W. Galloway, late Sante—For benefit M. W. Galloway, late Sheriff of Graves county. Passed.

Mr. Priest—For the benefit of Mr. Frank Fraize, late Sherilf of Breckfiridge county. Passed.

The House then took up the bill for the benefit of the lustitution for the Deaf and Dumb at Danville. [Appropriates \$5,000 aunually, in addition to the regular appropriation, to aid in its adequate support, new. other of that school.

Present me kindly to your associales, and write me fully and frankly as of old. priation, to aid in its adequate support, pay-ble quarterly from the 1st day of October, Your friend, W. T. SHERMAN.

able quarterly from the 1st day of October, 1865]. Passed—yeas, 79; nays, —.

Mr. Draffin—Senate bill to incorporate the Bardstown, Bloomfield and Chaptin Turnpike Company. Passed.
Same—For the benefit of Bardstown and Green River Turnpike Road Company. Passed—yeas, 81; mys, —.

Mr. Poindexter—Education—Senate bill to incorporate the Campbellsville Academy. Mississippi Intelligence. MUNDER AND ROBBERY.—It is reported that a most diaboheal murder was committed by three white men near Brookhaven, Miss. Three negroes are represented to have visited the hurg last week, taking with them a hale of cotton, which they disposed of, and started for their homes. They were subsequently found dead, and their money had been abstracted from their persons. Passed.

Mr. Wolford—Military Affairs—Senate bill and been abstracted from their persons assed.
Mr. Young—Agriculture and Mannfacures—Senate bill to incorporate the Nelson ounty Agriculture Association. Passed. Same—To incorporate the Scott county Agricultural and Mechanical Association.

-(Mississippian.

The Mississippian states that W. M. Pickett's fine plantation on Big Black river, 2,440 acres, fine steam gin, hogs, cattle, corn, &c., has heen sold for \$20,000 in gold. Another plantation of 2,820 acres, near Cslloon station, with full supply of stock, meat, &c., sold for \$25,000 in gold. The company that purchased these plantations have also leased several others, and intend to sub-let to immigrants from the North.

1997 A Property of the Control of

cent.

Twenty ibs. New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohlo cigars at 11c, amount to \$3 20; \$10 tax equals 450 per cent.

The natural result of this great inequality has been to drive the Ohlo leaf from the market, and the great mass of the people have been forced to take to their pipes, and by reason of one thousand per cent. tax upon smoking tobacco, are atso obliged to use the "raw" material, or reform and quit asing the "weed" cultrely. We have said to use the "raw" material, or reform and quit asing the "weed" cultrely. We have said to use thousand per cent. tax npon smoking tobacco. Let us explain. It is well known that this is produced from the lowest grades, "frosted" entering largely into its composition. The average price for this purpose does not execed \$5' cents per pound. The tax npon this is thirty-five cents, which is equal to 1,000 per cent.

Another result of this discrimination has been to obtige-mannanteurers to close their doors; farmers to self st great sacrifices; and laborers find employment in other pursate.

The memorial proposes the same remedy

Ashville depot was densely crowded with corn. Afteria. The heater of the Loudon Money Market —Overtrading with America—Lisbilities of Extraordinary Magnitude.

By the inst Enropean arrival we learn that considerable apprehension had been awakened by the extent of the trade with America, and the character of the liabilities in curred. The London Times of the 8th, in list city article, says: "Liabilities of extraordinary magnitude mant have been incurred. The London Times of the 8th, in list city article, says: "Liabilities of extraordinary magnitude mant have been incurred by the importing houses of New York and other American ports. Should the rate of exchange advance to twenty or thirty per cent., as nay well be expected, and other firms who are now relying npon the receipt of remittances at a certain date to meet the flood of hills which represent in our discount markets their American power of resuscitation has now become a rago. The presentiances at a certain date to meet the flood of hills which represent in our discount markets their American power of resuscitation has now become a rago. The presentiances at a certain date to meet the flood of hills which represent in our discount markets their American power of resuscitation has now become a rago. The presentiances at a certain date to meet the flood of hills which represent in our discount markets their American power of resuscitation has now become a rago. The presentiances at a certain date to meet the flood of hills which represent in our discount markets their American power of resuscitation has now become a rago. The presentiance at a certain date to meet the flood of hills which represent in our discount markets their American wothers.

The sales of corn were large, including the conditions of the proposed to sell at the prevailing rate of a certain the category and the conditions of the proposed to sell at the prevailing and the conditions of the proposed to sell and the conditions of the country twice as great in its annual burden as that of the

Fig. Stand Property and How and Hospital Control of Stands of the Contr

isspation in an amended return by that time.

Isspation of the field of this feeling. We have an item that there will be a very large crop of cotton rulsed in that broad State this vear, some in fact, think the crop will be larger than in any previous season. Their statement is that the freedmen are generally hiring for the year, which, of course, is the first basis for a successful cotton crop, whilst the high prices of cotton may spinninged the large for number of small tamers throughout the State—the thousands of Germans, especially, who have done without negro labor for some years—to devote their energy and skill to the enlitivation of the fleery staple. One indication of the fleery staple one methods of their statement is the fact that one firm in this city has received orders from Texas for ouc thousand plows.—[N. O. Picayanne.

Fashionande I let in Panna.—The pay and fashionable belles if Paris wo, k harder than the high hand he gailey. Think of a contract of this feeling. Think of a linear to the contract of this feeling. Think of a linear to the wholeand distriction of this feeling. It is a state of the neck of the large of the large of the large of the large of the south. But for an ancessful cotton crop, whilst the high prices of contract the first basis for a successful cotton crop, whilst the high prices of contract the first basis for a successful cotton crop, whilst the light prices the destruction of the South. But for an accessful cotton crop, whilst the light price is the first basis for a successful cotton crop, whilst the light prices of the south. But for a successful cotton crop, whilst the light prices of the south. But for the method of the first basis for a successful cotton crop, whilst the light prices of the south. But for the method of the first basis for a successful cotton crop, whilst the light prices of the south. But for the method of the first basis of the first ba

456 Dc. Cuba sugar, raw, in hhds, 15461456; Perto Illeo, 1564155c; and New Orleans prime at 15615c; and of hard standard sugar at 155c; and smaller lots at 20c; yellow sugar, in bbis.

Iligo. Plantation molarors, \$166166.

HAY-There continues a fair demand for good timoth? bay, baied, and we quote invoiced loss at \$12 00075 00 P ton. Several sales. from slores at \$15.36,114 to.
DEV GOODS—Prices have declined, with sales of
Southern and Western demertle sheetings, standard, at 30,651c, in lots of 5 or 10 bales; Eastern shoet-

There was a decided increase in business (%c; pig iron, hot blast, 858 00057 50 9 ton; cold snits.

The memorial proposes the same remedy as that suggested by the National Tobacco Convention. Traces all sules of manufactured a specified rate per cent. as made by manufacturer.

In the Nashville railroad was receiving through freights, or that full rail communication was established along the Southern roads to Chattanooga and Atlants. The Nashville depot was densely crowded with Nashville depot was densely crowded with the Nashville case of clover at \$7.267.85.

ONTON- The market has been dull this week, with sales of only finited lots at 60-21% for low where sufficiently large for their immense where sufficiently large for the sufficient large for the suf

ings at 31c. Bleached sheetings are lower, and all qualities have slightly declined from last week's 1RON AND NAILS—Bar iron 53@le: boiler, 8% OFFICE-NO. S COURT PLACE. LOUISVILLE, KY. blast, \$73 00@75 00 % ton. Natis are arm at \$7 %, in lots, for 10ds, and the other sizes at correspond-

WILL practice in all the Courts of Low Particular attention given to the collect Claims in this State and throughout the where the firm has an extensive business acc

SUCCESSORS TO



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nati is far behind all large cities in hotels. Circular saw Mills, The only objection we can see to the build- Horse Powers and Thrashing Machine ing referred to, is that it is too far from the shingle Saw Beschen,

is becoming one of great magnitude, and Mestacky Clipper Mowers, And are prepared to do all kinds of REPAIRS in Agricultural implements and Wood and Iron Harvesters, Mowing Machines, Thrashers, Horrowers, Ranford and Telegraph Straw Cutter repaired at abort matter. SEMMONE BRAZILLAN PERBLE
SPECTACLES, to strengthen and laugrove the
sight of old and young, by day or night, with one
and comfert to the eye, without the dispracing tesults of frequent changes. Then optibated places
are too well known throughout the South to speak
of their superficitly over all others. Double and
Rivels Tournames are weare and fight. Car.

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converting it into a first-class hotel. We are glad to know that there acous to be a Elighth & Green and E LOUISVILLE, KY.

main theroughters. Besides, we presume Cord-Wood Saw Tables, and P., W. & Co. would not dispose of R Rairrend Rorse Powers. without great inducements. Their suchess logersoll's Patent Hay and Cotton Pres

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Forbis, asking for relief from a contract for build nr a vessel, which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Cowan presented a petition of the chizens of Penneytvanils, asking if such action shall prevent States from making a distinction in Civil Courts on account of color. Referred to the special Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Cowan also presented a petition in care of the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Cowan also presented a petition in favor of a protective tariff, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Hendricks, from the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Hendricks, from the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Wilson called up the bill to establish an additional laind office in the state of Orgon, which, at the request of Mr. Williams, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Wilson called up the bill to restrict the expenses of collecting soldier's claims, making it a penal offense to charge more than ton dollars for collecting a soldier's claims.

Pending the consideration of the above the anormag hour expired, when the bill to endange the power of the Froedmen's Bureau was taken up.

Mr. Davis took the floor against the bill: Mr. Diskun reported a bill it elastive to the sale of postage stanges and stamped envelopes on credit, with an amendment, lutting its operations to the 80th of June, 1805. He asked for the printing of an explanatory in a grain the Committee on Mr. Elebond objected to reply to the same of the Committee on Mills and the power of the Froedmen's Bureau was taken up.

Mr. Davis took the floor against the bill: Mr. Diskun reported a bill it elastive to the sale of postage stanges and stamped envelopes of credit, with an amendment, lutting its operations to the 80th of June, 1805.

Mr. Elebond objected to reply to the same of the Committee on Mr. Bucker of the propose of the consideration originating in make all laws necessary to carry into the propose of the propose of the propose of the consideration of the same originate.

Mr. Belonded the following resolution, Mr. Elebond objec

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